The Pittsburgh Gazette.

"PRODESSE CIVIBUS."

Vol. 33. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER , 1818. New Series, No. 61.

PUBLISHED (EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY) BY
JOHN I. SCULL & MORGAN NEVILLE,
At Fourth Street, between Market and Wood Streets.

$50 Reward.

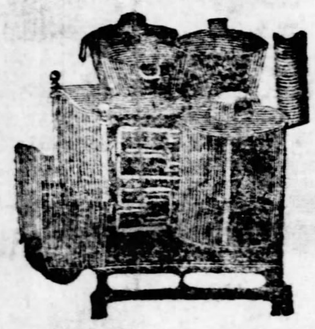
RAN AWAY from the subscriber, living near Punkstown, Washington county, Maryland, on the night of the 18th inst. a Mulatoe Boy, named HARRY, supposed to be about five feet four or five inches high, slender made, sharp face and nose, large feet, straight hair, pleasant countenance, and smiles when spoken to. Had on when he went away, an old woolhat, a grey cloth coat about half worn, pantaloons of the same cloth, but considerable matched.

The above reward will be given, if taken up out of the state and secured in jail so that I may get him again, or twenty dollars if taken up within the state, and secured in jail as above, with reasonable expences.

CHRISTIAN STAUFFER.

November 20.

Charles Postly's



PATENT COOKING STOVE.

MILLER having purchased of C. Postly of New-York, the Patent Right of a Domestic Cooking STOVE, has the pleasure of offering to the public for their patronage, the above stove, which for convenience, saving of labour and fuel, far surpasses any heretofore invented. It is a well known fact, that all those in use, are only calculated for the kitchen, for baking or retaining warmth in the room. The stove here offered to the public, is not only calculated for the kitchen for the purposes of extensive cooking, but is a handsome piece of furniture, for the sitting room when not wanted for the above purposes, and when cooking is done, by removing the boilers &c. can have a pleasant fire to sit by. In large cities, as well as in the country, many persons of comfortable circumstances prefer doing the cooking for the family in the same room they reside in for the winter season, as it supercedes the necessity of an extra fire. To such, this possesses every advantage, being a neat and close stove combined, in which may be burned coal or wood, and can be placed in any part of the house where fire is wanted. The above stove has ovens for baking, and other conveniences for roasting or boiling it also possesses the utility of boiling water in a wooden vessel on the outside, for washing and other purposes. There are steamers attached to the boilers for cooking vegetables by the steam arising from the water while the meat is boiling.

The above stoves have been in operation for New-York for three years past, and their utility being so well known, they met with great approbation. The fixtures to some amount to eleven, seven of which may be in use at one and the same time, the largest size is calculated to cook a dinner for seventy or eighty persons.

Likewise Cast and sheet-iron Stoves, suitable for offices, stores, or bed-rooms, to which boilers can be attached if wanted.

A constant supply of the above stoves will be kept furnished in the most complete manner,

AT THE
MANUFACTORY.

Corner of Second and Wood streets, Pittsburg

And by my Agents at different places, for the convenience of persons residing at a distance, viz. OHIO—Mr. Appleton Downer, Zanesville, John McCoy, Chilicothe, and Capt. Francis Carr, Cincinnati; KENTUCKY—Mr. George Lucky, Limestone, James M'Crum, Louisville, Luther Stephens, Lexington.

Pittsburgh, December 8, 1818. ——3mo

N.B. Stove-pipes, Sheet Iron, and Tinware, wholesale and retail.

Also, Copper, sheet iron and Tin ware made to order.

Notice

ALL persons having demands against the estate of WOOLMAN GIBSON, deceased, are requested to present their accounts. And those indebted, to make payment to John Wrenshall, in case of his absence to Mr George Boggs, of this city—Likewise those having BOOKS or other articles belonging to the estate which have been lent, are requested to return them as above.

MARY B. GIBSON, Adm'rx
JOHN WRENSHALL, Admr

Pittsburgh, November 24, 1818.

ORMSBY AND DOANE,

HAVE FOR SALE
100 bls. Prime N. O. Sugar,
150 kegs Tobacco,
2 bales Prime Cotton;
JUNIATA IRON,
PLOUGH PLATES.

A handsome assortment of Fresh Castings, &c.

June 12, 1818.

Greensburgh and Pittsburgh TURNPIKE ROAD COMPANY.

THE stockholders are informed, that an election will be held on the 2d Monday, (the 11th) of January next, at the house of *Thomas Steele*, in Versailles township, Allegheny county, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the choice of a President, twelve Managers and a Treasurer, for the ensuing year.

WM. FRIEDT, *Treas'r*

December 4, 1818.——3t.

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED, BY
Abraham Small,
PHILADELPHIA,
And for sale by JOHN G. O'BRIEN,
PITTSBURGH;
THE GENTLEMAN'S
Pocket Remembrancer,
FOR 1819.

CONTAINING—An Almanack.
Ruled Pages for memorandums, for every day throughout the year,
Duties on Goods, Wares and Merchandize
Tares, Drawbacks, Drafts, and Allowaces, together with the late Navigation Act.
Officers of the Customs, Naval officers and Publick Appraisers.
Information concerning Patents.
The Post Office Establishment.
An Official Army List.
Divisions, Department, Pay and Subsistence of the Army.
Naval Register complete—Navy Agents and Navy Yards, and Registers of the Vessels of the Navy Marine Corps.
Civil Department of the United States, Executive, Judiciary, Territorial,
Distrtict Land Offices.
Intercourse with Foreign Nations, Ministers, Consuls, &c. to and from every nation with which we have Commercial Relations.
The Directors and Cashiers of the United States Bank and all its Branches.

(*Copy Right Secured.*)

ALSO,
THE AMERICAN
Ladies Pocket Book,
FOR 1819.

Ornamented with a beautiful Frontispiece, containing an elegant group of Females, in the most fashionable dresses of the year. Also, an engraved title, with a Lady in a fashionable walking dress.
Common Notes, Eclipses, and Almanack.
Ruled pages for Memorandums, and Atcounts, for every day in the year.
Description of Pitcairn's Island.
Letter of Bishop Watson on the Recognition of Friends in a Future State.
Esssay on Female Dress, on Geography, on Marriage, on the Morality of the Battledore.
Interesting Account of the Cherokee Schools.
Selected Poetry
Answers to last year's Enigmas, Charades, Rebusses, &c. a large Collection of new ones for the present year.
New Country Dances and Waltzes.
Celebrated Songs, Marketing Table, &c. &c,
October 28—1aw6t

BOSLER & CO.

Have just received and offer for Sale on moderate terms, an extensive assortment of
IRONWARE & GROCERIES,
SUCH AS,

WALDRON'S prime corn and grass scythes,
Mouse-hole anvils,
German scythes,
Straw knives,
Bright and black vices,
Whetstones,
English, Crowley, and blister steel,
Country blister, German, Swedish & cast steel,
6d, 8d, and 10d wrought nails,
Shovels, spades, kitchen shovels, tongs and pokers,
American sheet iron single, double, and treble,
Spinning wheel irons,
Ketland gun locks,
Iron and brass top coffee mills,
Handsaws,
Frying pans,
Patent tea-kettles,
Bed screw,
Wood screws,
Bench vices,
Knives,
Butt hinges,
Files,

COFFEE in bags and barrels.
LOAF AND LUMP SUGAR
Young Hyson and Gunpowder Teas in small boxes.

Chocolate,
Muscatel raisins,
Pepper,
Ginger,
Mustard,
Figs in drums and boxes.

WINDSOR, PALM AND VARIEGATED SOAP IN SMALL BOXES.

TANNERS AND LINSEED OIL.
SPANISH CIGARS, & PIPES by the box
QUEENSWARE in small crates, well assorted for country stores.

Also, always for Sale,
Castings of every description.
Plough Irons, Axes, Scale Beams, and all kinds of Edge Tools and Iron Ware.

Juniata barr iron,
Pig, barr, & sheet lead,
Shot,
Cut nails of all sizes,
Still cocks,
Mounting,
Copper rivits.

WINDOW, GREEN AND FLINT GLASS assorted in boxes.

Rosin soap,
Copperas,
Writing paper,
Bonnet & Fullers boards,

They continue to keep a
Commission Warehouse,
for storing, forwarding, purchasing and selling all kinds of *Produce* and *Merchandize*.

Pittsburgh, March 28, 1818. 1awtf

A Most Valuable Estate, FOR SALE.

THAT beautiful estate, commonly known by the name of MONTOURS' or LONG ISLAND, about five miles below Pittsburgh, in the Ohio river, containing in the whole 1,000 acres, is offered for sale. It is divided into three separate tracts, on each of which there are handsome improvements; the land is of the best quality, well timbered, and not subject to overflow. It is universally esteemed, both as to soil and situation, the finest property in the western country. The proprietors would prefer selling the whole in a body, but to suit purchasers, it may be divided into three tracts.

The terms may be known by applying to Major Isaac Craig on the premises, or to the subscriber, who is agent for the proprietors, at his office in Pittsburgh,

JAMES HALL,
Attorney at Law.

Valuable Real Estate and Ground Rents for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale, on reasonable terms, the following very valuable real estate and ground rents in the city of Pittsburgh, to wit:

One Lot, situate at the corner of Ferry and Water streets, containing 35 feet front on Water street and the Monongahela river, and 98 feet on Ferry street, now in the possession of Mr. Florence Cotter, and occupied as a grocery and liquor store, and rented at 450 dollars per annum.

Also, one lot situated on the west side of Market street, between First and Second streets, containing 23 feet front on Market street by 70 feet deep, at present unoccupied—formerly occupied as a saddler's shop— for which business or for a dry goods store, it is one of the best stands in the city.

Also—ground rent to the amount of two thousand dollars per annum, secured upon real estate, on which is erected permanent brick buildings, in some of the most conspicuous parts of the city.

The terms upon which this property wilkbe disposed of are of the most advantageous kind.—A very small portion of the purchase money will be required in hand—and the balance may be paid, either in annual instalments, with interest, or in such portions as may be convenient to the purchaser, payment being secured by mortgage or judgement—it being the object of the subscriber to give a long credit.

Application may be made to Walter Forward, Esq. at his office in the Diamond, or to the subscriber in Pitt township, on the turnpike road, three miles from Pittsburgh, who will describe the property and make known the terms of sale.

WILLIAM HAMILTON.

May 15, 1818.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing under the firm of of ERWIN & NOBLE, in the business of Ferrying, was dissolved on the 12th of August last, by mutual consent, all persons indebted to said firm, will make immediate payment to William Noble, and all having demands will present their accounts to him for settlement.

ANDREW ERWIN,
WM. NOBLE.

December 1.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, trading under the firm of *Peebles, Tweedy & Co.* was dissolved on the 24th ult. The business of said firm will be settled by Robert Peebles and Henry Tweedy, who are duly authorised for that purpose. Persons indebted to said firm will make payment to them and those having accounts against it, will present them as above for settlement.

Robert Peebles,
Reuben Tweedy,
Smith Tweedy,
John M'Kee.

N. B. The partnership of the subscribers, trading under the firm of *Peebles & M'Kee*, was also dissolved on the 24th inst. The business of the concern will be settled by the subscribers.

Robert Peebles,
John M'Kee.

Pittsburgh, November 27, 1818.

ROBERT PEEBLES,

Informs his friends and the public, that he continues his
Hat Manufactory
At the OLD STANDS, on the corner of Market and Front Streets and in the Diamond, where the orders of his friends and customers will be thankfully received and executed on the usual terms, at the shortest notice. He will keep constantly on hand a general and complete assortment of every article in his line of business.

Pittsburgh, November 30, 1818.

New Copartnership.

THE subscribers have formed a connexion in business, under the firm of SELDEN & M'NAIR.

EDWARD SELDEN
DUNNING R. M'NAIR.

SELDEN & M'NAIR,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED, AND ARE NOW OFFERING FOR SALE,
A NEW AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF FANCY AND STAPLE
DRY GOODS,
In Wood, between Third and Fourth streets.

Pittsburgh, December 1, 1818.

Samuel Edgar & Co.

HAVE just received, and offer for sale on accommodating terms.
200 BOXES CINCINNATI SOAP,
400 Kegs manufactured Tobacco,
6 Hhds. Leaf ditto, sup. qual.
10 Hhds. } New Orleans Sugar of a superior
50 Bbls. } quality—old crop
10 crates assorted QUEENSWARE,
20,000 lbs. Pig Lead,
500 lbs. Bar ditto,
30,000 lbs. Shot,
Bar and Roll'd Iron,
GLASS—all sizes
Hatter's Fur, etc.
Together with a general assortment of
Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware and Liquors.
5000 lbs Salt-Petre (Crude)
Pittsburgh, September 4, 1818.

A Quantity
OF PRIME QUALITY KENTUCKY
BACON,
For Sale by ALLEN & GRANT.
Pittsburgh, July 24

Notice.

THE undersigned informs his creditors and all those whom it may concern, that he means to be absent for some time from Pittsburgh, but that it is not his intention, either to defraud those to whom he is indebted of their just claim, or to relinquish this city, where he will return in the shortest possible space of time.

F. AIGSTER.

December 1.

Wanted Immediately,

AN APPRENTICE to the *BARBERING business*. A Boy from 13 to 14 years old would be preferred, though one of 12 would not be refused, if otherwise qualified. He will receive good treatment and education, and at the expiration of his time will be furnished with a good set of Tools and the customary freedoms.

None need apply with the idea of serving one or two years only—Four years at least is necessary to teach a youth the business, so as to do justice to his instructor, himself and the public.

The applicant must be a person of mild manners, *plaincy* of disposition and *fingers*, and correct *moral* deportment.

EDW'D. F. PRATT.

Pittsburgh, December 1.

GLASER & Co.
Commission Merchants,

Have REMOVED from Wood street to Front street, adjoining Messrs. Bosler & Co.

Where they offer For Sale, on accommodating terms, and cheap.

TEAS, of superior quality,
Coffee—green in barrels,
Cut Nails—assorted,
An Invoice of
FRENCH GOODS,
Consisting of Linen Cambrics, linen cambric handkerchiefs, gloves, bonnets, trimmings for ball dresses, artificial flowers.
CLOTH—superior,
German linen, linen bedtickings, and an assortment, of
German Goods,
AND
HARDWARE,
Boiler Iron and Straw-knives,
Mackarel—new, in half barrels, for family use,
Holland Gin, of the best quality & as imported
ALSO
Conemaugh Salt.

Pittsburgh, December 1, 1818.

Glaser and Co.

BEING appointed Agents for the Perryopolis and New Boston Glass-works, will have a constant supply of
Window Glass—all sizes,
PORTER BOTTLES
AN ASSORTMENT OF HOLLOW
Glass Ware,
Which they offer for sale cheap, and on accommodating terms.

To Let.

A STORE & CELLAR, in Wood street, next door to Doctor Dawson's.

December 1, 1818.

FOR SALE,
That Valuable City Property

in Fourth, between Market and Wood Streets, fronting on Fourth Street 40 feet, and extending back 80 feet, on which is a two story Brick House, 20 feet front, with an extensive back building, finished in the best manner, at present occupied by Doctor O'Donoughue—Also, a convenient Frame Building in the occupancy of Mr. Samuel Cooper; the whole subject to a yearly ground rent of 80 dollars. This property is in one of the most eligible situations for business in the City. For terms, which will be low and accommodating, apply to

WILLIAM M'CANDLESS.

Pittsburgh, August 21, 1818. tf

FRESH GOODS.

The Subscribers have just received a general assortment of
DRY GOODS,
suitable to the season, which they offer for sale, wholesale and retail, on the lowest terms.

They have on hand an assortment of
Groceries, and

33 Kegs first quality BUTTER.

THOMAS G. LEA & CO.

Corner of Market and Second Streets.

Pittsburgh, November 4, 1818. 2m.

Tales of my Landlord,
AND
Mrs. OPIE'S NEW TALES.

Just received by
R. PATTERSON & LAMBDIN.

October 9, 1818.

John H. Crane,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
LOUISVILLE, (Kentucky.)

WILL attend to business in his profession, in the County of Jefferson, and in the United States Circuit Court at Frankfort.

References. } HENRY BALDWIN, Esq. } *Pittsburgh*
} WM. ROBINSON, Jr. }

August 4, 1818. 6m

Notice.

ON Saturday the 21st of October, a BARREL of APPLE-BUTTER, was put on my dray, to be hauled to Wood street, where no owner could be found; the property therefore remains in my possession, which the owner can have by proving property and paying charges, on application to PATRICK M'CARTNEY,
Second street.

Pittsburgh, December 4.

Copper & Tin Warehouse.

WILLIAM KEPNER,

CORNER OF MARKET AND FRONT STREETS, PITTSBURGH,

Has now on hand, and intends keeping a general assortment of
STILLS
Tin Ware,

FULLERS KETTLES, HATTERS DITTO, | WASH KETTLES BRASS DITTO.
JAPANNED WARE.

Which he will dispose of on reasonable Terms for Cash, or approved paper.

☞ Orders from a distance will be punctually attended to, and put up on short notice.

Pittsburgh, December 24, 1817.——Tif

Monongahela Bridge

NOTICE is hereby given that the gates of this bridge will be opened on Saturday the 28th inst. for foot passengers, horsemen, carriages, empty waggons of any size, and loaded light waggons; and the following are the rates of toll viz—

RATE OF TOLL.

	Dols.	Cts.
EVERY foot passenger,		2
Every carriage of whatever description, used for the purpose of trade, or agriculture, having 4 wheels and drawn by 6 horses,		62½
Every such carriage drawn by 5 horses		50
Every such carriage 4 horses		37½
Every such carriage 3 horses		31
Every such carriage 2 horses		25
Every such carriage 1 horse		20
Every carriage used for the purpose of accommodation or pleasure, having 4 wheels and drawn by 4 horses,		62½
Every such carriage drawn by 2 horses,		50
Every such carriage 1 horse,		31
Every carriage of whatever description used for the purpose of trade, or agriculture, having 2 wheels and drawn by 4 horses		37½
Every such carriage drawn by 3 horses		31
Every such carriage 2 horses		25
Every such carriage 1 horse		18
Every chair, or other two wheeled carriage of pleasure, for every horse used therein		18
Every sleigh or sled drawn by 4 horses		25
Every sleigh or sled 3 horses		20
Every sleigh or sled 2 horses		18
Every sleigh or sled 1 horse		12½
Every horse, mare or gelding with rider		6
Every horse, mare or gelding without a rider		6
Every carriage drawn by oxen or partly by oxen and partly by horses, to be rated in proportion of two oxen for one horse, and in all cases a mule shall be rated the same as a horse		
Every head of horned or muley cattle		3
Every head of sheep or swine		3

JOHN CHAW, *Treasurer.*

Pittsburgh, Nov. 26, 1818.——tIstA.

M'Dermott & Bartram,

At their Warehouse in Water Street, between Market and Ferry Streets,
PITTSBURGH,

Have always on hand a large and general assortment of
Groceries, Wines & Liquors,

Which they will sell on low and accommodating terms, being regularly supplied from Philadelphia and Baltimore, and have always on hand the following Articles:

Gunpowder, Imperial, Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, & Souchong } TEAS *of first quality*
Prime Green Coffee in Bags and Barrels,
Common ditto,
Spanish flotant & Bengal Indigo,
Loaf and lump Sugar,
Muscovado ditto,
Spanish Cigars,
Common ditto,
Rice, Copperas,
English Refined Saltpetre,
Brimstone, Allum, Madder,
Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs.
Alspice, Mace, Ginger,
Pepper, Mustard,
Madeira, Teneriffe & Lisbon } WINES, *of a superior quality,*
4th Proof Cogniac Brandy,
ditto, Jamaica Spirits,
Holland Gin, Country Gin,
Whiskey,
Pittsburgh & Kentucky Manufactured Tobacco, &c.

N. B. *ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.*

November 20. mo2w.

Lexington Coffee House,

SIGN OF THE INDIAN QUEEN
Lexington, Ken.

LANPHEAR AND CARTER,

HAVE fitted up the above spacious and convenient premises for the accommodation of
TRAVELLERS & BOARDERS.

A part of it is separate and exclusively appropriated to families. The stable is one of the best in the state.

L. & C. pledge their best endeavors to afford every comfort and luxury to be had in the Western country.

December 1,

Dupont's Brandywine POWDER.

JUST RECEIVED, 230 KEGS CONSISTING OF
OP, FFg, F Fr, FFFr FFFg,

DUPONT'S BRANDYWINE POWDER,
For Sale, on low terms, by
BOSLER & CO.

November 18, 1818.

Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 15, 1818.

The Message of our Governor has taken a tolerably comprehensive view of our situation, and has with considerable providence pointed out our wants & the necessary accessions to our improvements. The manner in which agriculture and manufactures are mentioned is very grateful, and the kind of appeal to the good sense of the general government, which is involved in his reference to them is judiciously introduced. But upon the whole, we think that sufficient stress is not laid upon the subject of our great turnpike from Philadelphia. The subject is introduced and disposed of in two short sentences, & by no means in a manner consonant with the importance of the subject. We fear from the great proportion of the message which is devoted to what is called internal navigation, that our Governor has been drawn into the fanciful dreams of Mr. S. Breck.—This we consider a real evil, and to this effect we expressed ourselves as soon as this gentleman's pamphlet was put into our hands. It is well written, and displays considerable knowledge of our resources and fiscal concerns, and it is as plausible as theory can be. But in the existing state of things, it is filled with impracticabilities, but so delusively clothed as to turn the heads of our most discreet citizens. But when we cannot with all our exertions, private and public, create a middling turnpike between the Schuylkill and Ohio, which is acknowledged by every man to be of vital importance to every part of Pennsylvania, why should our energies and wealth be diverted to other schemes, whose results are at all events equivocal? Whilst we are threatened on both sides with a melancholy diminution of our trade, why should we embark in plans whose completion must be so distant, as to afford no possible chance of neutralizing the designs of Maryland and Virginia on one side, and of New-York on the other? and when it is conceded that a complete turnpike through our state would *actually* have all the effect of rendering abortive the conspiracies of our rivals, which the most sanguine of our projectors could expect from their canals, why desert this practicable measure, to embark on the wide sea of experiment? For our parts we should have felt much better satisfied if his excellency Mr. Findlay had told the legislature that although the projected canals were an object worthy of the attention of a great state, yet that our immediate interests were involved in the speedy completion of a plain substantial turnpike through the heart of the state: that when this was accomplished, so as to rival the national road, actual danger would be warded from our state; this we call cultivating the substantial part of the building of our prosperity; the columns might be ornamented at our leisure. We might then proceed to the business of connecting the Schuylkill with the north* Pacific Ocean, as fast as circumstances would allow, and if we could not get through it during our present Governor's administration, it might be gratifying to his friends to have it said that the attempt was made *Gulielmo Consule*, as the old medals have it. Seriously, however, we hope the executive is too much of a practical man to overlook, in his co-operation with the legislature, the first, great object of his state, for any ignis fatuus which may start up before his sight.

The idea which Mr. Findlay has suggested with regard to experimental farms, we consider as admirable; something of this kind is much wanted, particularly in the western country, where agriculture is shamefully neglected and misunderstood. We have frequently heard the plan canvassed in conversation, but we do not recollect to have ever seen it coming officially recommended before. It might be so organized as to be conducted at a very trifling expense; next to manufactures, agriculture holds the second place in our consideration.

The state of Kentucky, it seems, has offered to let us participate in the glory of making a canal round the "Falls of Ohio." I hope our government will reciprocate these generous feelings, and offer to let that state assist us in making our turnpike. Before, however, we extend our views and money quite that far there are several little things to be attended to about our own domicil. We should like to see the navigation of the Ohio cleared out from Pittsburgh to Wheeling. An idea has gone abroad, and is gaining great strength during this season, that the only bad part of the river is between these two places. "Once at Wheeling," say the advocates of the Cumberland road, "and we are out of all danger; the river is free from all obstructions below." Now, this is not the fact; from actual examination, and the experience of ten voyages to Cincinnati, we unequa vocally declare, that with the exception of one place, the river is as difficult to navigate for 100 miles below Wheeling, as it is from Pittsburgh to Wheeling, and this one place is within five miles of Pittsburgh, in a great measure caused by a mill, and can be removed for five hundred dollars. But, as this idea has gone abroad, and is fostered by every art that the intrigues of our enemies can suggest, it is best to remove all complaint on the subject. We hope, therefore, that the legislature will attend to this before any appropriation is made for a Louisville canal.

* Whenever we think of Mr. Breck's plan the exclamation of Mustapha Rub-a-dub occurs to us very forcibly. "By the beard of Mahomet, every thing is on a great scale in this country!"

LONDON,

POLAR EXPEDITION.

On Thursday se'night, Mr. Fisher an officer belonging to the Dorothea, Capt. Buchan, arrived at the Admiralty with despatches announcing the return of that ship and her consort, the Trent sloop, from the Arctick seas. It appears that the highest latitude the ships ever attained was about 80 deg 30 min. long. 12 east.—They attempted proceeding to the westward, but as in the case with Captain Phipps, in the Racehorse, in 1773 they found an impenetrable barrier of ice. The ships proceeded nearly over the same space as Captain Phipps did, and met with similar impediments as experienced by that officer. The Dorothea and the Trent are on their way to Deptford. They arrived on Thursday se'night in Scarborough roads. We are sorry to learn that one of the ships has sustained considerable damage, having been caught between two floating icebergis, the collision of which was so great that she was lifted completely out of the water. Her irons were all forced and her ribs broken, and we understand it has been with great difficulty she had been able to make port.

These are the ships which were equipped with a view of their reaching the Pole and entering the Pacifick Ocean by Bherring's Straits. This is, we believe, the 17th or 18th failure to accomplish the daring project of crossing the Polar regions.

In different years the Greenland Whalers have advanced to the latitude of 80 82; and so late as 1806 the elder Mr. Scoresby ascended to the latitude of 81 50. It is now clear, we think, that all hope of sailing to the Pole is at an end.—The son of Mr. Scoresby lately suggested the bold plan of approaching the Pole over the icy continent from Spitzbergen. Agreeably to the mode which the Russian hunters have employed with such advantage in exploring the Frozen Sea from Nova Zembla to the shores of Kamschatka, he proposed to pass the winter in the island of Spitzbergen, and starting in the spring with sledges, drawn by dogs, to pursue a direct journey of 6 or 700 miles to the Pole. He might then expect a continuous sheet of ice stretching through his whole track.

"A discovery has recently been made of a deposit in the Bank of England, by the King of Spain, of 37 1-2 millions of dollars, which has given rise to a variety of suggestions.

Latest from Dublin.—By the Dublin Packet, we have received Carrick's Morning Post of the 16th Oct. It contains a note presented by the Spanish minister for foreign affairs, Joseph Pizarro, to the American ambassador at Madrid, respecting the occupation of Florida by general Jackson. After protesting in very strong terms against all the acts of gen. Jackson, from the time he set foot on the territory of Florida, he says "You will be pleased to inform your government that, from the nature of the said injuries, and really hostile proceedings, the course of the negociations pending between the two powers is and must remain, interrupted and broken off, till the government of the U. States has marked the conduct of gen. Jackson in a manner suitable to its honour, and which, it seems, can be no other than to disapprove of the excesses committed; to give orders to place things on the same footing as they were in before the invasion; and to inflict an appropriate punishment on the author of so many disorders."

The embodying and rapid movement of large bodies of troops on the upper Rhine, indicate a disposition on the part of the Sovereigns of Baden and Bavaria to make war upon each other.

From the Village Record, of Dec. 2.

The season for news is opening with a good deal of interest. The Session of Congress which has just commenced, and that of the Legislature which begins on Tuesday of this week; the Congress of Sovereigns at Aix-la-Chapelle; the war in South America and the Northern Expedition of discovery, all promise important matter; we this week compress

THE WORLD IN A NUT-SHELL.

The Assembled Sovereigns have agreed —To withdraw from France immediately all their forces. France is to pay

To Russia—48,000,000 francs;
To England—48,000,000;
To Austria—41,000,000;
To the Netherlands—22,000,000; and
To Bavaria—10,000,000.

We congratulate France on her delivery from so humiliating a spectacle as that of triumphant enemies parading her capital.—The Sovereigns have resolved *not* to interfere between Spain and her colonies. The resolution is wise and humane: I hope we shall have wisdom enough to keep clear of the contest.

The King of Spain has suddenly made complete change in his mintstry. This probably the first step in a change of policy which cannot possibly be for the worse.—One thing more would be of essential service, for the king to change his head and get one of Charles the Vth.

The President's Message was received at the office of the New-York Evening Post in 20 hours after its delivery at Washington—240 miles in 20 hours. There's rapid travelling for you!

We are glad to see that the papers almost universally speak well of the Message.

The era of good feelings is exemplified in the recommendation, by the N. Y. E. Post, of the National Intelligencer to patronage—in the warm praise of the President's Message—in the decided approbation of the appointment of Judge Thompson to be Secretary of the Navy—of Gen. Swift to be Surveyor of the port of New-York.

Summary Justice.—A tin pediar at Easton was discovered to have two negro children in his cart. On examination one of the little sufferers was found to have been crammed in in such a manner that his ear was rubbed off! The people indignantly rose & cut off the fellow's ear. I am no advocate for the violation of the laws, but from my heart I can't feel sorry for him.

PHILADELPHIA, December 2.

We are informed that letters have been written from this city to the Secretary of the Treasury, and to Mr. Hopkinson, strongly urging them to obtain the sanction of government for the issue of Treasury Notes, as recommended by a correspondent in this evening's Gazette, as the surest mode of relieving the present commercial distress, and of averting greater impending calamities.

THE NAVY.

At Washington.—A Line of Battle ship nearly finished, and the frame of a Frigate ready to put on the stocks as soon as the 74 is launched.

At Norfolk.—A Line of Battle ship building, and the frames of a 74 and a Frigate are also collecting at this place.

At New-York.—A Line of Battle ship on the stocks and in considerable forwardness, and the frames of two Frigates are deposited there.

At Boston.—The keel of a 74 is laid, the frame collected, and is to be set up in the spring. The frames of another 74 and a Frigate are also collecting there.

At Portsmouth, N. H.—The keel of a 74 is laid. The frame is collected, and will be set up the next season. Materials for another 74, and Frigate are also collecting there.

The United States frigate Guerrier, arrived safe at Constradt about the 1st of October, where she was received with the accustomed ceremonies. The Hon. Mr. Campbell and family proceeded thence for St. Petersburgh in a steam boat. The Guerrier remained at Cronstadt about 12 days, and passed Elsineur on her way to the Mediterranean, the 16th of last month.

Extract of a letter from Danville Kentucky, dated Nov. 6.

The emigration is very great this year from almost every part of Virginia to the Missouri, principally to a place denominated the Lead Mines, about 200 miles from St. Louis up the river, and fourteen from navigation.

It is contemplated to erect an extensive building near this place for an University; a committee has been appointed to select a site which must be within half a mile of Danville. Owners of land within that distance of the town are asking from 150 to 500 dollars per acre.

Extract of a letter dated Paris, Sept. 19.

"The purport of the present is to inform you that we have had a little order for Silks, which we cannot execute, as in the whole city of Lyons, there is not a piece to be had."—*Philad. Daily Adt.*

Extract of a letter received at Boston, dated Bordeux, Sept. 28.

"The grape is excellent, but not abundant, and not much, if any Brandies, will be made this year, as there are more orders for wine of 1818, than the vintage will yield. This you may depend on."

From the Mobile Gazette, Oct. 14.

Pensacola, Sept. 28.

Mr. Editor.—Lieut. Col. Thos. H Byles, arrived in town last evening, having completed three tours to the eastward of this place within the last forty days. His first route was from Fort Crawford on to their waters and down the Chatahoochi: in which he destroyed several villages and plantations, killed several Indians and took eight prisoners. A number of horses were caught which had been left by Jackson's army. The second route was on the low waters of the Escambia and Yellow water, which was performed by the Colonel and 25 men—in which, he killed three Indians and took nine prisoners, and a number of muskets, rifles, &c. Lieuts. Long and Morgan were then sent with 30 men, together with all the horses and baggage of the rangers (they being on the opposite side of Pensacola Bay) in order to cross the Yellow Water at Jackson's fording, at which time, 18th inst. Col. Byles with a small party, 25 strong, proceeded up Yellow Water in a barge to destroy the hostile Indians understood to be collected there for the purpose of giving battle—after proceeding up Yellow water about 100 miles they were fired upon from a bluff which completely sheltered them from the Rangers; the size of the barge and the steepness of the bluff rendered a landing difficult, which, however, was soon effected under a shower of lead.—They immediately made a charge, when the enemy fled in every direction leaving all their baggage. Circumstances rendered pursuit useless.

The Colonel considered it a striking instance of the interposition of Providence that none of his men sustained any injury. The action lasted without cessation 25 minutes. This took place on the 25th. The day following they fell in with a party of Indians, 22 in number, and made them prisoners, among whom is the old chief called *Peas*, who has always been active to have the Indians well supplied with arms, ammunition, &c. and from whom, information has been obtained where the Indians are to rendezvous. Col. Byles left town this morning with a reinforcement and rationed for 30 days, and will meet them. Lieuts. Long and Morgan have not yet arrived; the tour they make to get the horses to this place being near 500 miles, and many of the horses tired, &c

Col. Byles is highly spoken of as a soldier, and he gives much credit to the bravery of his men. It is hoped the time will soon come when they will return to their homes for want of Indians to fight, and it is already considered safe on the Georgia road, as well as in those parts where gentlemen may wish to look at new lands, &c.

NORFOLK, Nov. 27.

Captain Lawrence who arrived here on Wednesday last, from Aux-Cays, represents the coast in the neighbourhood of that place to be swarming with pirates; they harbour in the small rivers and come out in open boats, armed with muskets & cutlasses, & attack every vessel they see; there has scarcely an American vessel passed Cape Donna Maria lately, that has escaped being plundered by them The schr. Venus, Capt. Sampson, of New-York, was boarded by one of these boats, and robbed of goods to the amount of $5,000; they several times threatened to kill Capt. S. & plundered the crew of every article but the clothes they stood in. Capt. L. thinks it proper for masters of vessels having to pass this coast, to go provided with small arms at least, to defend themselves against these black demons of plunder, whose fire arms are seldom in a condition for service, generally wanting lock or flint!

His excellency President *Boyer* and suit payed a visit to Aux-Cays, about ten days before Capt. L. sailed: he was making a tour of observation through the country, and intended proceeding next to Jeremie

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Doctor Van-sweitan's

CELEBRATED

Anti-Bilious Pills,

OF a quality superior to any thing of the kinds ever offered as a General Medicine in this country, now faithfully prepared from a Recipe of the justly celebrated Doctor Van-Sweitan, who, from a long residence in the West India Islands, has been enabled to favor the world with the most complete methods of curing the Bilious diseases of the warm climates.

THIS extraordinary Medicine, which now for the first time is finding its way into general practice, has properties in the highest degree superior to Mercurial nostrums so frequently recommended by the name of Anti-Bilious Bills. The extraordinary powers of this medicine as a solvent and evacuant of Bile is without example, never producing debility or injuring the health in the smallest degree, of the most delicate child or weakly female. The Bilious Head-ache so much complained of in this country and in the neighborhood of rivers, is often removed by a single dose, which to a strong man is only five pills and to a weakly woman three. The same dose will generally remove the most excruciating pains of the Cholic, by causing the bile to pas downwards in the course of an hour or two.

In Phthisical cases, where the laborious breathing and great oppression, with faintings, are fast sinking the patient to the brink of the grave, a few pills, one taken every hour, with Fennel or Peppermint tea, will often enable the patient to walk about in a few hours.

The Dysentery, Croup and Summer complaint of children, are soon relieved by a few doses—a single pill to a child of five years old, and the dose increased according to their strength and age. A single pill taken every fourth hour with a cup of Flax-seed tea, will cure the pleurisy, promote expectoration and relieve Coughs and colds

Two or three pills taken an hour before dinner and repeated every third day, will effectually remove those diseases arising from Flatulence and Indigestion, and by persevering in the use of them for a considerable time, the appetite will be improved, and strength and vigor will return.

In Consumptive cases and diseases of the Liver, no medicine ever yet discovered has been known to perform such cures—two pills taken every third morning will be found sufficient, unless costiveness prevails, in which case the dose must be increased according to the strength or constitution.

Two pills taken at bed-time, with a cup of Pennyroyal tea, and repeated every second night will effectually remove Rheumatic pains wherever situated.

A supply of the above Pills For Sale by

JOSEPH HILL & Co

Druggists, Market street, Pittsburgh.

ober 30, 1818. Oct

Blanks For Sale Here.

Pittsburgh Prices Current

corrected weekly for the Gazette,

ARTICLES	From	D.	C. to D.
ALE,	doz.	3	
Ashes pot,	lb.		6¼
—— pearl,			8
Anchors,			25
Bacon, Kentucky,			12½
—— country,			12½
Bottles,	groce	24	
Bread, crackers,	cwt.	7	
—— pilot,		5	
utter,	lb.		15
Candles, mould, tallow,			25
—— dipt,			20
Castings assorted,	ton	120	135
Cheese,	lb.		12½
Coffee,			
Cotton,			35
Cordage,			12½
Cider,	bbl.	2	50
Cloth, Steub. sup.	yard	8	
—— do. com.		5	50
—— Pitts. sup.		7	50
—— do. com.		4	50
—— country,			
Clover seed	bush.	10	
Feathers,	lb.		62½
Flax, clean,			12½
—— seed,	bush.		62½
Flour, wheat, sup.	bbl.	6	
—— com.		5	
—— rye,	cwt.		
—— corn meal,		1	50
Fur, Beaver,	lb.	3	
Glass, Pitt. 8 by 10	box	12	
man. 100 10 by 12		13	
sq. feet. 12 by 14		14	
Grain, wheat,	bush	1	
—— rye			50
—— barley,			75
—— corn,			50
—— oats,			33
Glue,	lb.		25
Gunpowder,			45
Iron, Juniata,	ton	200	210
—— Monongahela,		180	
—— hoop, large,		235	240
—— do. small,		250	
—— sheet, Amer.	lb.		20
—— do. foreign,			22
Lead, pig,			7
—— bar,			9
—— red,			
—— white, dry			19
—— ground in oil,	cwt.	22	
Lumber, boards, pine,	100f.		75
—— do. oak,		1	
Leather, soal, Spanish,			38
—— do. country,	lb.		31
—— upper,	side	3	
Nails, all sizes, cut,	lb.		14¢
—— wrought,			22
—— spikes			
Oil linseed,	gal.		87½
—— fish	bbl.	40	
Pork,		20	
Porter, bottled,	doz.	3	
—— barrell,		9	
Plaster of Paris,	ton		
Pipes,	groce	5	
Paper, writing, No. 1,	ream	4	50
—— do. 2,		4	
—— do. 3,		3	50
—— printing demy,		3	
—— do. medium.		3	50
—— do. royal,		4	
—— do. sup. royal,		4	50
Peach, Brandy.	gal.		75
Salt, Connemaugh,	bbl.	10	
—— Lake,			
—— Kenhawa,		9	
Segars, Spanish,	box	10	
—— American,	1000	2	50
Shot, all sizes,	lb.		11
Skin, Deer,			16
—— muskrat,	skin		22
—— racoon,			40
Steel, Crowley,	fag.	30	
—— American,		23	
—— German,	lb.		25
—— blistered,	cwt.	17	
Soap, white,	lb.		15
—— rosin,			15
Sugar, N. Orleans.			18
—— country,			16
—— loaf,			34
—— lump,			32
Spanish brown, dry,	cwt.	5	
Salt Petre, crude,			20
—— refined,			33
Shingles, pine, joint,	1000		
—— oak, lap,			
Staves, hogshead,			
—— barrel,			
Tallow,			12½
Tobacco, Kentucky,			15
—— Pittsburgh			23
—— leaf,			7
Tin, in boxes,	box	23	
—— block,	lb.		30
Wool Merino, clean,			40
—— fleece,			
—— half breed,			
—— quarter,			
—— common, clean,			30
—— fleece,			
Wax, bees,			25
Whiskey, rye,	gal.		45

FRESH PROVISION MARKET.

Beef,	lb.	8	10
Pork,		8	10
Veal,		8	10
Mutton,		8	10
Turkeys,	piece	75	1 75
Ducks	pair	50	87
Chickens,		37½	50
Butter,	lb.	25	35
Eggs,	doz.	12	18
Fish,	lb.	12	18

FRESH OYSTERS.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the inhabitants of the western country, that his correspondent in Philadelphia, has commenced and intends sending on, a regular supply of FRESH OYSTERS through the season. The superior quality and order of those that he has sent for two seasons past, will, it is expected, be a sufficient recommendation to the Oysters I will have in future. Persons who keep oyster houses in any part of the western country, can have any quantity, by making application in time. I will receive a supply every week through the season. Orders accompanied with current money, will be punctually attended to, and every means used to have them carefully forwarded.

WILLIAM BLAIR.

Pittsburgh, December 1, 1818.

W. B. Manufactures and has on hand a general assortment of

Brushes;

Has also For Sale,

Tanners & Curriers Tools, Shoe-makers Tools & Findings.

The highest price given for HOG'S BRISTLES

PITTSBURGH.

Tuesday, December 15.

We have the satisfaction of announcing the election of WALTER LOWRIE, to the Senate of the United States, by the joint ballot of both Houses of our Legislature. Mr. Lowrie was opposed by Mr. Isaac Weaver. His majority was 12 in the Senate, and 25 in the House of Representatives.

We congratulate our portion of the state on the appointment of Mr. Lowrie. From our personal acquaintance with this gentleman, and from the reputation he supports among those who know him more intimately than we do, we anticipate an honorable and energetic representation. We conceive that he has studied attentively the real interests of Pennsylvania, and that he has independence and virtue to pursue them. Mr. Lowrie will look beyond the mist of party, and will recollect that the western country has the right to expect that her representative will not blindly follow in the rear of any file leader.

We have received a letter from Harrisburgh, which states that considerable warmth was evinced in the Legislature, on the subject of Banks; whether this warmth was in favor or against country Banks, we have not yet learned, but from the excessive ignorance generally displayed when this question has been agitated, we presume the latter to be the fact. We hope there is enough good sense in our assembly, to prevent a blind intemperance from taking the place of dispassionate deliberation. There is a vulgar, stupid hostility evinced against our monied institutions, which seems to pervade the breasts of some men, from whom we have a right to expect more discretion. We have declared over and over that the situation in which we are placed as regards our fiscal concerns, and the means by which we have arrived at this crisis, are much to be deprecated. But the excitement that is cherished against banks, is certainly not the way to cure the evil. Banks are not brokers; banks are not of abstract existence: as they now stand, their credit is bottomed upon the solvency of the people, because the people are indebted to the banks at least one third more than the banks are indebted to the world. Strictness of proceeding against them now would have no other effect than to create an encreased pressure upon the useful parts of our population, at a time too when when their distresses are so severe from other quarters. The fact is that generally speaking, bank directors have become disgusted and tired with the unceasing obloquy to which their situation has so long subjected them. Let the Legislature display the inveteracy of the ignorant mass of our population on this business and we feel satisfied that they issue a mandate for the ruin of the most useful and enterprizing class of our citizens.

If banks are to be made the scape goat of our government, let them look to it; the pound of flesh will be exacted with punctuality from every discounter. The odium of such a measure ought to fall upon the Legislature, and it *shall* fall there. At present banks feel disposed as they are really identified with the people, to act with the most leniency towards them. But if for the sake of indulging the discontents of a few unembarrassed, unfeeling men, these institutions are to pass through the ordeal of public animadversion and of public investigation, on the principles by which they ought to be tried in prosperous times, then must the people suffer; for ability on the part of banks can only be created by calling upon their debtors; the loss must fall upon that party which has to sacrifice their real property. Who in these times, can pay off upon a sudden call, the amount either of their bank or any other debt? Who in these times can sell their property at one third of its value? In place of displaying ill nature and peevishness on the occasion we shall expect some remedial regulations from our Representatives, and these regulations at this period cannot be created out of the destruction of banks.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

Mr. Sanford of New-York, and Mr Morer of New Hampshire, presented resolutions of their different legislatures, instructing their senators to try to procure the adoption of an amendment of the constitution, proposed by N. Carolina, for establishing an uniform rule for electing representatives to congress, and electors for president and vice president of the U. States which were read.

Mr. Williams, of Tennessee, offered a resolution to enquire into the expediency of encreasing the pay of the officers and soldiers of the army.

Mr. Burrell, from Judiciary com. made an unfavourable report to the petition of Matthew Lyon.

Mr. *Ruggles* laid on the table the following resolution.

Resolved, That the committee on Military Affairs be instructed to enquire into the expediency of making provision by law for clothing the army of the United States in domestic manufactures.

The resolution offered yesterday by Mr. *Forsyth*, to enquire into the expediency of prohibiting the exportation of United States' coins, was taken up and agreed to.

The bill authorizing the appointment of additional clerks for the War Department, and the resolution authorizing the members of each house to transmit certain documents free of postage, were severally read the third time and passed, the latter with an amendment embracing any other message or documents which may be communicated by the Executive during the session, as well as those at the commencement;) and

The senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The first reading of the bill for the relief of the heirs of Caron Beaumarchais, occupied the house this day; the committee rose and reported progress.

On motion of Mr. Lowndes, it was resolved, that a committee be appointed to enquire into the expediency of making any amendment in the laws which regulate the coins of the U. States and foreign countries.

The consideration of Mr. Spencer's resolution relative to the Bank of the U. States was postponed.

Nov. 30.

The house resumed the consideration of Mr. Spencer's resolution relative to the Bank of the U. States, when several amendments were offered. The question was then amended so as to read as follows.

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to inspect the books and examine into the proceedings of the Bank of the United States, to report thereon, and to report whether the provisions of its charter have been violated or not; that the said committee have leave to meet in the city of Philadelphia, and remain there as long as may be necessary; that they shall have power to send for persons and papers,—and to employ the requisite clerks; the expence of which shall be audited and allowed by the committee of Accounts, and paid out of the contingent fund of this house.

The House then again resolved itself into a committee of the whole on the report of the select committee on the claim of the representatives of Caron de Beaumarchais.

Mr. *Baldwin*, of Pennsylvania, rose in support of the claim; and, having spoken in defence of it for nearly an hour—

The committee rose, reported progress, and obtained leave to sit again; and

The House adjourned.

Mr. *Smith*, of Md. from the committee of Ways and Means, to whom was referred an enquiry into the expediency of repealing the duty on imported salt, made a report adverse to the expediency of the abolition of the duty, which was committed to a committee of the whole.

Mr. *Johnson*, of Ky. from the committee on military affairs, reported a bill authorising the establishment of a national armory on the western waters; and a bill for the relief of Joseph Wheaton; which were severally twice read and committed.

The *Speaker* laid before the House a communication from the Secretary of the Treasury, transmitting an estimate of the appropriations proposed for the service of the year 1819; which was referred to the committee of ways and means.

Mr. *Harrison*, of Ohio, offered the following resolution.

Resolved, That the committee on the public lands be instructed to enquire into the expediency of continuing the act passed at the last session, entitled "an act to suspend for a limited time, the sale or forfeiture of lands for failure in completing the payments thereon;" and also to enquire what further relief it may be proper to give to the persons who are indebted to the United States for the purchase of lands.

The House then again resolved itself into a committee of the whole, Mr. *Smith* of Md. in the chair, on the bill for the relief of the heirs of Caron de Beaumarchais

Mr. *Hopkinson* occupied the floor in a speech of about an hour, in opposition to the claim of the petitioners; and

Mr. *Ervin*, of South Carolina, followed at some length in support of the claim; when

The committee rose, on the motion of Mr. *Holmes*, obtained leave to sit again; and the House adjourned.

After a long and able debate in the House of Representatives, the claim of the heirs of Beaumarchais is *rejected*, by an overwhelming and un-anticipated majority. It is difficult to judge of the fate of any measure in Congress by prognostics. In this case, the select committee, after a long and laborious investigation, reported *unanimously* in favor of the claim; and the House decides to reject it, by a vote of *four to one*.

Nat. Intelligencer.

The following resolution was offered by Dr. *Leib*, in senate, Dec. 4, 1818.

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to bring in a bill, to prevent the several banks of this commonwealth from suspending specie payments for their notes issued by them, and that provision be made in it to forfeit the charter of any bank which shall refuse to pay specie, if demanded, for any of their notes.

Ordered to lie on the table.

To shew the fearless enterprize of the American nautical character, (says the Norfolk Herald) we can state, that the schooner Mary Pamela, a periauger, formerly employed as a packet between New-York and Norfolk, has made a voyage from Charleston to Havre-de-Grace, (in France,) at which latter port she was left about the 12th of October, by the brig Tybee, arrived at New-York. The Mary Pamela is precisely of the same size and model of Churchyard's packet, the Tell-Tale, and is commanded by captain Dickey. We should like to see an European vessel of the same construction, size and rig, return the visit by going from Havre-de grace to Charleston.—Vessels of the description of the Mary Pamela have hitherto been considered unsafe to venture far to sea in; and we believe that captain Dickey is the first who has crossed the Atlantic in one of them.

SECRET ENTERPRIZE.

A gentleman in the Cooperstown (N. Y.) Freeman's Journal, advertises for 100 "athletic young men, of good health and morals, to engage in "an honorable and useful enterprize," which, though it may be attended with "danger and hardships," will be an "amusing and profitable" employment. No married persons will be engaged, and those applying must have the desired qualification certified by a magistrate of the *county of Otsego*, (N. Y.)—Their services will be required in the spring, when an explanation of the views and intention of the adverti-er will be made known to those only who may be engaged. Application to be made to the office of the Freeman's Journal. Wages liberal, and the term of engagement two years.—*Connecticut Mirror.*

TREATY WITH ENGLAND.

Washington City, Dec. 5.

We understand, that on the 20th October, the day before he lately left London on his return to Paris, Mr. GALLATIN in conjunction with Mr. Rush, signed a treaty between the United States and Great-Britain, which had just been concluded, by those gentlemen, with Plenipotentiaries on the part of Great Britain: but we do not learn that any copy of this treaty has yet been received here.

From the New-York Evening Post.

A Quick Thought.—A few days since, a gentleman having a draft for a few thousand dollars on one of our Banks, presented it and demanded specie. No sooner said than done—a number of bags containing one thousand dollars each, in sixpenny pieces and ten and twelve cent pieces, and other small change, which would take at least a week to count, were turned out. The gentleman untied two or three of the bags, and finding them all filled with this kind of precious metal, thrust his hand into each bag, filled his jacket and pantaloons pockets, and then turning around to the cashier of the bank, informed him that he did not want any more specie at that time than what he had taken from the bags, and desired him to count what was left and place it to his credit, and then left the bank.

LONDON, Oct. 27.

The following Letter has been addressed to the editor of "The Times."

BANK OF THE UNITED STATES.

Sir—I have read with some surprize, in your paper of yesterday, your comments on the fact, that the mother or central Bank of the United States has refused to take the paper of some of its branches, & that some of the branch-banks, like that of New-York, have refused to take the paper of other branch-banks; which facts you consider as a proof that the national institution mentioned is either actually bankrupt, or on the verge of bankruptcy. A farther investigation of the subject, would however, cause you to discover.

1. That the occurrence is not, *new* one: but that the late bank of the United States, an institution which deservedly enjoyed the highest credit to the last moment of its existence, also was in the habit of occasionally refusing to take the notes of its branches.

2. That the measure originates, not from any want of confidence in the solidity of the respective institutions, but that it is the natural result of the great extent of the country.—The United States of America lie not, as you well know, within the narrow circumference of a thousand or fifteen hundred miles, like Great Britain; a single one of their inland lakes covering a greater surface than this.—They are, on the contrary, more extensive than the Continent of Europe; and, as an active commerce subsists between the different portions of the Commonwealth, there naturally will arise, from time to time, commercial balances between them, which not admitting of liquidation, except by the transmission of specie, cause there, as in Europe, a fluctuation in the exchanges, which must affect the local bank notes, as well as bills of exchange; and the notes of banks at a great distance, though convertible into specie where they were issued, will on that account, be sometimes at a discount, whilst at other times they will bear a premium. When the former in the case, the centre bank; as well as many other banks will refuse to take such notes, because an accumulation of them in their chests would cause inconvenience and loss.

The fluctuation in the value of bank paper, and some other embarrassing circumstances arising from the same cause, which will be felt in progress of time, might have been avoided, if the notes of the branches, and in general all country banks, instead of being convertible into specie, had been rendered (as they are here) convertible into national bank-notes. The latter would then have become a universal medium of circulation, affording the facility of liquidation such commercial balance as having just been mentioned, without expense and trouble.

A Poor House.

A MEETING of the PHYSICIANS of the city of Pittsburgh, will be held at Mrs Morrow's, THIS EVENING, precisely at 7 o'clock.

December 15.

Notice.

IN pursuance of instructions from the Board of Managers of the Philapelphia and Pittsburgh Transporting Company, notice is given that no other notes than the following will be received in payment for carriage at the office of the company at Pittsburgh after this date.

Bank of Pittsburgh,
Westmoreland,
Bedford,
Chambersburgh,
Carlisle Bank,
Harrisburgh,
Lancaster,
Offices of Discount & Deposit
U. S. Bank,

and notes at par in the cities of New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

WM. ROBINSON, Jr. Agent.

Pittsburgh, December 15.

A CARD.

MRS. WARRINGTON respectfully informs the Ladies of Pittsburgh, that she has opened a STORE in *Fourth street*, between *Market street* and *Chancery lane*, with a select assortment of GOODS brought with her from England, consisting of,

White and Black Straw and Chip bonnets; fancy ribbons; plain striped, and figured muslins; ostrich feathers, &c. And a few dresses made up in the latest English fashions which she will feel pleasure in showing.

She intends to commence the Millinery, Pelisse and Dress Making Business, and to make or alter Straw Bonnets; and flatters herself from her experience in England, she will be able to give satisfaction to those ladies who favour her with their commands.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 15, 1818.

Cash for ASHES.

THE highest market price will be given for GOOD, CLEAN

Wood Ashes,

BY

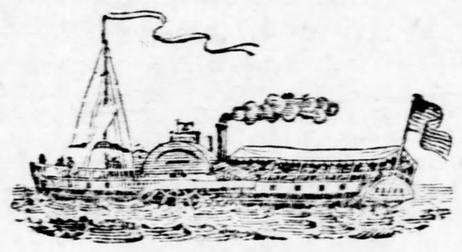
BAKEWELL, PAGE & BAKEWELL,

Who wish to purchase a quantity of

Black Salts.

Pittsburgh, December 15.

For New-Orleans.



Steam Boat

TAMERLANE.

G. TURNEY, Master—will leave this about the 20th, inst. (if water permits) For Freight or Passage apply on board, or to

JAMES L. BOGART.

December 15.

On New-Year's Day,

Will be drawn from the wheels of the GRAND STATE LOTTERY, 6th class, the following Grand Capitals, viz.

ONE OF

$50 000

5 of 10,000—14 of 1000, each

Those ladies and gentlemen who are in the habit of bestowing *New-Year's* presents upon their children and friends, are advised to call at

ALLENS'

Corner of Market and Front streets, Pittsburgh,

and procure one of the above description.

Untill Monday the 21st they can be had for the moderate sum of $40—after that day the price will be enhanced to $45.

December 15.

Irish Linens:

Fifty Pieces Irish Linens,

JUST RECEIVED FROM NEW-YORK,

And For Sale on *Very Low Terms* by

ARMSTRONG & EWING.

Wood, between First and Second street.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 15, 1818.——3t

A Card

WILLIAM EVENS returns his sincere thanks to his friends and patrons for past favours, respectfully informs them and the lovers of sacred music, generally, that he will recommence teaching as soon as a sufficient number of scholars can be obtained. Tuition, three dollars per quarter—two evenings per week—accomodations provided by him.

W. E. flatters himself from the experience of twelve years as a leader and teacher in choirs and congregations at the eastward, and in Upper and Lower Canada, he is competent to instruct his pupils in tune and time.——NO PATENT NOTES. December 11.

Wanted,

A BOY, from 15 to 16 years of age, who can come well recommended, as an apprentice to the Watch-making and Silver-smithing business.

N. W. SMITH,

Wood street between Diamond Alley & 4th st.

December 15.

A Quantity

OF PRIME QUALITY KENTUCKY

BACON,

For Sale by ALLEN & GRANT.

Pittsburgh, July 24.

Was Found,

THIS Morning, in the Market Square, a POCKET BOOK containing BANK NOTES on sundry banks. The owner may have it on proving his property and applying at T. CASSILLY'S tavern on the Allegheny river.

Dec. 15.

Writing School.

G. & B. FLY respectfully inform the inhabitants of this city and its vicinity that they have opened a WRITING SCHOOL, at the corner of Market street and Diamond Alley, where the art is systematically taught with great success. Parents who feel interested in the education of their children and others who are anxious of becoming acquainted with this useful art are invited to call at their School room, and examine specimens of improvement which pupils have made in this place—likewise specimens written by the professors.

They are happy of having this opportunity for expressing their cordial thanks to those who have already had the liberality to patronize them in their laudable undertakings; are confident, that there are none who are not perfectly satisfied with the progress which their children have made. They are again invited to cherish an art of such utility.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 15th, 1818.

Barker and Davis,

Have just received in addition to their former Stock, a large and elegant assortment of BRITISH, FRENCH, INDIA AND AMERICAN

DRY GOODS,

Among which are the following:

SUPERFINE, fine and coarse CLOTHS; Pelisse cloths and figured flannels of various colours; double mill'd CASSIMERS, assorted colours; flannels, coatings and baizes; rose and point blankets; cords and velvets; bombazetts and rattinets; swansdown, toilinet, silk stripe and florentine vesting; lambs wool, worsted, silk and cotton hose, and half hose; IRISH LINNENS; superfine dressed and undressed calicoes: furniture do. cambric and carlisle ginghams; silk striped malabar; dimities; British and steam loom shirtings; long lawn and linen cambric; tabby velvets fashionable colours; imitation and chintz shawls; plain and twilled madras handkerchiefs; woollen comforts and capes; patent, web and net suspenders; white and coloured fringes; furniture and worsted binding; mull mull, jaconet, book, and leno figured and plain muslins; cambric and India do. Canton and French CRAPES; crape shawls and scarfs; merino shawls and handkerchiefs; levantine, damask, and waterloo shawls; black and fancy silk handkerchiefs; flag and company bandanoe do. levantine, florence, and Sanshaw silks; India and French sarcenet. A general assortment of RIBBONS; silk, thread, and cotton lace, black and colour'd ostrich feathers; chinelle and book cord; sewing silk and twist; ladies and gentlemen's silk, kid, York tan, and Beaver gloves; woolen and lined Beaver do, silks and gingham umbrellas.

Domestics.

Stripes, plaids and shambray cottons; shirtings, tickings, checks and shirtings; paper hangings. A general assortment of ladies, gentlemen's, and children's SHOES and BOOTS. Morocco and wool hats. Ladies fashionable *straw bonnets.*

ALSO

HARDWARE.

Knives and forks, pen and pocket knives; table and tea spoons. Wilson's butcher and shoe knives, shoemaker's hammers and pincers; carpenter's rules, squares and hammers; thumb latches, hinges and screws; bolts, locks, brass and iron candlesticks, saws, steelyards, bells, curry-combs, slates, buttons, a variety; tortoise shell, mock, horn and iron combs; pocket-books, *kaleidoscopes*, etc.

One ton blister'd steel
Cut nails and window glass.

A general assortment of

Queensware,

including one tea set of elegant French china containing 73 pieces.

A few setts of fashionable mantle ornaments.

ALSO

Groceries,

Coffee, tea, sugar, pepper, allspice, ginger, nutmegs, cloves, cinnamon, indigo, madder, allum, coperas, saltpetre, rosin, chalk, tobacco, herrings, shot, powder and lead, etc.

All of which they will sell at reduced prices for cash, approved paper or country produce, at their store in Market, between Fourth street and the Diamond.

All those indebted to B. & D. by either bond, note, or book account, a longer period than 4 months are requested to make payment immediately, as longer indulgence cannot with propriety be given.

December 1, 1818.——1aw6t.

HENRY DOANE,

HAS

REMOVED

to the corner of WOOD and FIRST streets where he has receeived the following articles, viz.

Groceries, &c.

Young Hyson Tea, latest importations, in small boxes; Barrels of Coffee and Loaf Sugar, Boxes bloom Raisins, Barrels Herring, Rosin, ground Redwood, Glue, Kegs pickled Salmon, Mustard, Pepper, Allspice, Nutmegs, ground Ginger, Indigo, Copperas, smoking Tobacco, Segars, &c.

Liquors.

Fourth Proof Cogniac Brandy, and Jamaica rum, in barrels—Quarter casks Teneriffe Wine,

Ironmongery, etc.

Anvils, Vices, Axes, Hatchets, Drawing and Log Chains, Cross-cut Saws, English mill—Handsaws, Shovels, Spades, Frying-pans, Bell metal Teaketles, Straw-knives, Hammers, Copper Tea-kettles—Twine—Whiting, &c.

Wrapping Paper at $1,50 per ream—India entry matts, Window Glass, Hollow Glass Ware, Gun-Powder, Soap, Hats—China, &c.

ALSO

English Crowley and Blister Steel—American Ditto—Castings—Juniata Iron—Lead—Cut and wrought Nails—Kentucky Tobacco;

TOGETHER WITH A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

SHIP CHANDLERY.

Commission Business

transacted, and Merchandize received and forwarded.

A House to Let in Third street.

Pittsburgh, October 20, 1818.

Original.

For the Pittsburgh Gazette.

LINES ON FRIENDSHIP.

Oh there's nothing more dear to the sensative heart,
That the smiles which a friend can bestow,
The bright beam of joy which his eye can impart,
The welcome which breathes neither coldness nor art,
Are blessings to mortals below.

And ho' rare is that incense, so sweet to the breast,
Which truth gives to amity's shrine,
Yet I would rather by falsehood's own lips be caressed,
And sooner to falsehood's own bosom be prest,
Than the pleasures of friendship resign

The Mechanicks Assistant.

Useful and Easy Guide,

TO THE

Different kinds of Work,

USUALLY DONE BY

Millwrights. Carpenters, Patternmakers, Blacksmiths, &c.

By DAVID TOWNSEND.

For Sale, by A. WAY & Co
Market between Third & Fourth streets
Pittsburgh, Dec. 8, 1818 2w1m.

Wanted,

A situation as a CLERK in a Store or foundary, by a young Man, with a small family, a small salary will answer. Good recommendations can be given. A line addressed to A. B. and left at this office will be attended to.

N B. A situation as a School Master, would be acceptable.

December 8, 1818.

M'Dermott & Bartram,

HAVE REMOVED

To the WAREHOUSE, *formerly occupied by* FOSTER & DOANE, *in Water street, between Market and Ferry streets.*

WHERE THEY CARRY ON

Commission Business,

In the usual way.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 20. 1818. 3m2aw

COAL

WANTED.

THE Proprietors of the Cincinnati GLASS MANUFACTORY are wanting

40,000 Bushels

good, merchantable COAL, for which they will pay 20 cents per bushel, if delivered in December next.

Cincinnati, November 26, 1818. ——6

To my Creditors.

TAKE notice that I have applied to the judges of the court of Common Pleas, in and for the county of Westmoreland, for the benefit of the several acts of insolvency of this commonwealth, and that they have appointed the second Monday (the 11th day) of January next, for hearing me and my creditors at the Courthouse in the borough of Greensburgh in said county—at which time and place you may attend.

NICHOLAS DAY.

Greensburgh Gaol, Dec. 5th, 1818.—3t.

One Dollar Cash,

FOR

Old or New WHEAT,

Will be given at the Pittsburgh Steam-Mill, where,

Road Waggoners

Can have HORSE-FEED, very cheap—It consists of CHOPT RYE, MIDDLINGS, SHIP-STUFF, BRAN and CORN—Any person taking more than 50 bushels shall have a handsome deduction.

October 2.

Eichbaum & Johnston,

BOOKSELLERS, AND PRINTERS

Second, between Market & Wood streets.

HAVE JUST PUBLISHED

THE

WESTERN CALCULATOR,

OR A

NEW AND COMPENDIOUS SYSTEM

OF PRACTICAL

ARITHMETIC

CONTAINING THE

ELEMENTARY PRINCIPLES & RULES OF CALCULATION,

IN WHOLE, MIXED, AND DECIMAL NUMBERS.

ARRANGED, DEFINED, & ILLUSTRATED

In a plain and natural order; and adapted to the use of schools, throughout the western country, and present commerce of the United States.

IN EIGHT PARTS.

BY [illegible], A. M.

September [illegible] 18 tf

The Partnership

OF S. RHOADS FISHER and G. T. BEYER, trading under the firm of G. T. Beyer & Co. is dissolved this day by mutual consent. All persons having claims on, or indebted to said firm, are requested to apply for settlement to G. T. Beyer, who will continue the business as usual.

S. RHOADS FISHER.
G. T. BEYER.

Pittsburgh, November 7, 1818.

Lost or Stolen,

CERTIFICATE No. 5194 for 345 dollars and 44 cents, deferred 6 per cent Stock, issued by the Register of the Treasury of the U. S. in subscriber's name. Application is intended to be made for its renewal, whereof this is due notice.

MARTHA MACVEIGH.

November 6, 1818.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of the late Doctor *Nathaniel Bedford*, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment to Mr. James Patterson, of Birmingham, or Doctor Peter Mowry, of Pittsburgh; and all those having demands against said estate, will present them without delay, properly attested, to either of the subscribers.

MARY BEDFORD, Executrix
PETER MOWRY, } Executors.
JAMES PATTERSON, }

May 20, 1818. tf

Just Received & For Sale,

BY

Joseph Hill & Co.

DRUGGISTS,

Market, between Fourth Street and the Diamond,

500 lbs roll Brimstone
1 ball Sarsaparilla Root
1 do Liquorice Root
1 do Senna Leaves,
1 do Orange Peel
1 do Pink Root
2 do Juniper Berries
2 bbls. Chamomile flowers.
1 bbl. English Epsom Salts.
Bbls. Glauber Salts.
Ditto powdered Barks
Ditto Cream Tartar
Ditto Cinamon
Ditto Gentian Root
400 lb English blue Vitriol
2 bbls Venetian Red
30 kegs ditto ground in oil
1 case Gum Copal
Bbls Spanish Brown
Bbls Spanish Whiting
Verdegris by the sack
Oil Vitriol by the carboy
Blue Strewing Smalts
Irish Glue
Rosin
Copal Varnish,
1 case Magnesia
1 case Manna
1 case Camphor
3 dozen Apothecary Scales
12 doz Spatulas, assortd
12 doz. English Mustard, in ½ lb bottles
Orris Root
Oat-meal
Opium
Calomel
Cantharides
Barley, Rhubarb
Jalap, Ginger
Windsor Soap
Wedgewood, Marble & Composition MORTERS
Phials—assorted
Allum
Copperass
Indigo
Gall's Logwood, etc.

WITH A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Drugs, Paints, Patent Medicine and Dye Stuffs.

Which, will be sold WHOLESALE and RETAIL on the most accommodating terms.

Pttsburgh, July 21, 1818. 1awtf

German Redemptioners.

FOR SALE.

THE time of an indented MAN and WOMAN, who have two years and about six months to serve. The Man is a rough carpenter, and both understand farming very well; but particularly the culture of the vine, and gardening; the woman is also a good spinner. They are sold for want of employ. Enquire at this, or the Mercury office.

August 25, 1818. tf

WILLIAM HILL,

HAS taken into partnership his brother JOHN HILL. Their business will be transacted under the firm of

William & John Hill:

Who have just received and offer for sale at their Wholesale Warehouse,

In Market, near Front street—and at their Retail Store, corner of Market and Fourth streets,

A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

FRESH GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

SUPERFINE habit and second cloths—blue, black, brown, mixed and bottle,
Milled and common cassimeres—blue, black, mixed, drab and buff,
Flannels, baizes and bombazetts,
Cords, velvets, and cotton cassimeres,
Prints, ginghams, cambric, fancy and colored muslins,
Shirtings, checks and tickings,
Domestic plaids and stripes,
Fancy and common waist-coating,
Levantine, Florence and Senshaw silks
Canton and French crapes,
Bandanna, black silk and Madrass handkerchiefs,
Irish linnen, lawn and linnen cambric,
Ditto shirting, dowlas and diaper,
Men's and woman's Beaver and silk gloves,
Ditto ditto silk, worsted and cotton hose,
Ribbands, galoons, laces, silk and cotton shawls,
Buttons, sewing silk,
Silk twist, Scotch thread, linnen tapes,
Bindings, needles, pins, combs,
Suspenders, bonnets,
Looking glasses, tea trays and a great variety of fancy articles.

An assortment of

PAPER HANGING

An assortment of fine and common

CUTLERY.

Anvils, vices, frying pans, trace chains,
Coffee-mills,
WALDRON'S corn and grass scythes,
German scythes and straw knives,
German and Millington crowley steel,
Sheet-iron,
Ter-kettles, &c.

Queensware,

IN ASSORTED CRATES.

China tea sets and fancy Liverpool ware,

COFFEE, in bags,

Young Hyson Tea, in chests and boxes,

Chocolate,
Pepper,
Allspice,
Ginger,
Cloves,
Nutmegs,
Spanish indigo,
Copperas,
Logwood,
Windsor soap,
Figs,
Tanners' oil.

A general assortment of

SHOES.

☞ The most of the above goods were bought by the package on moderate terms, and will now be sold at a small advance.

PHILADELPHIA, September 1, 1818.

I DO hereby certify, that Mr. Thomas M'Lanahan has been in my employment for upwards of three years, as Clerk, Collector, &c. during which time he has conducted himself with propriety; and I have always found him to be an honest and industrious man, in whom the greatest confidence may be placed.

James L. Vauclain.

The Pittsburgh Mercury and Gazette, Fredonian Chilicothe, and the Lexington Reporter, will insert the above in their paper six times and forward their accounts to the subscriber at Philadelphia.

T. M'Lanahan.

FRESH FALL GOODS.

THE subscriber has just received a part of his FRESH FALL GOODS, and expects considerable additions.

HAS ON HAND OF

DRY-GOODS.

RED, Yellow and White FLANNELS,
Red, green and bocking Baize,
Kersey moleskin and Coatings,
Grass, bottle-green, blue, purple, London and Paris brown Pelisse cloths,
Superfine, fine and coarse Cloths, assort. col.
8-4 9-4 10-4 and 11-4 rose & point Blankets,
A quantity of large Hearth Rugs, fancy patterns,
Bed ticking, cotton checks and olive velvets, assorted,
Bombazetts and callicoes, of various colors,
4-4 and 6-4 coarse and fine cambric and shirting Muslins,
Book, leno, jaconet, mull and fancy ditto
Cotton shawls, and silk and cotton handkerchiefs, general assortment,
Thread, silk and cotton laces & ribbons, do. do

With a general assortment of other articles in the Dry Good line.

OF HARDWARES.

Cast and German Steel, hand, tenant and compass saws,
Chisels and plane irons, Cams and other good marks, well assorted,
Files, rasps, sprigs, tacks, awls, &c. a variety,
S S, knob, trunk, chest, till, desk, and pad locks, assorted.
A variety of knives and forks, pen and pocket knives, table and tea spoons, well assort'd

BRASS-WARES,

Commode knobs, handles and rings, till knobs and brass nails,
Brass and Iron candlesticks, pocket and tin lanterns, and German lamps,
Low priced neat walking canes and riding whips, assorted,
Sweeping, shoe, hearth and clothes brushes,
Fine and coarse combs, assorted,
Butt, table, brass, hinges, and screws,
Knob and thumb latches cupboard turns, straight bolts—and almost every kind of Hardware, suitable for buildings etc.

With an excellent variety of other Hardware, and many scarce articles in the line.

ALSO, AN ASSORTMENT OF

Groceries and Queensware

SUCH AS,

GLASS WARE & TIN WARE,

ALSO

4 reams glass or sand paper, and paper hangings,
Tobacco, American and Spanish segars, cut and dry tobacco,
2000 lbs. Shot, assorted, also Powder & lead,
20 gross watch chrystals,
A quantity of sharp Ginger, by the keg,
Rosin, logwood and copperas,
Lisbon and Sherry Wines, Jamaica Spirits and country Gin,
100 country bags, linen, yarn, country socks, etc. etc.

The whole comprising a very general assortment of Seasonable Goods; all of which will be sold at a fair market price.

ISAAC HARRIS,
Diamond, Pittsburgh.

Who wants to purchase a quantity of BEES-WAX.

October 20, 1818. 5

☞ Unchartered, foreign, torn and small notes and tickets, will be received in payment as usual, on as fair terms as can (consistent with safety) be afforded.

Conveyancing.

THE subscriber having resigned his situation as clerk of the County Commissioners, is enabled to attend more exclusively to the business of Conveyancing.

WRITINGS of every description, will be neatly drawn, on moderate terms and on the shortest notice.

He hopes from his knowledge of the business, and his industry and attention to merit and receive a liberal share of conveyancing custom.

JAMES M. RIDDLE.

Pittsburgh, November 17, 1818.

Information Wanted.

A BOX of GOODS, receipted for, to Thomas M. Souders, of Philadelphia, on the 13th of October last, by William S. Shearer, of Westmoreland county, to be delivered to Thomas White, has not yet came to hand. Any information of the same will be thankfully received at LEWIS PETERSON'S, Wood Street, near Second Street.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 26.

WARE HOUSE,

at Evansville,

MOUTH OF PIGEON CREEK.

THE Subscriber having rented the Ware-House formerly kept by *Mr. Elisha Harrison*, respectfully tenders his services to the public for the purpose of transacting *Commission Business. All Consignments intrusted to his care will be punctually attended to.*

A. B. GILL.

Evansville, (Ia.) Sept. 16——6t

Notice.

WHEREAS William Boyle, now of the town of Wheeling, in the state of Virginia, appointed THOMAS BAIRD, weaver of the city of Pittsburgh, his attorney, to transact his business; and whereas the said William Boyle has for good and sufficient reasons, annulled and revoked said power of attorney, given to the said Thomas Baird, and appointed the subscriber his legal attorney to do and act for him, and in his behalf—I therefore give public notice to all concerned to govern themselves accordingly.

WILLIAM TOMAN, Carpenter.

Pittsburgh, November 27, 1818.

N. B. James Boyle, also gave an agency to said Thomas Baird, to perform certain things, I do hereby declare said agency, and all other concerns relating to me, to be void, and hereby caution all persons from performing any business with said Thomas Baird as my agent.

JAMES BOYLE.

November 27, 1818

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the late Doctor EDWARD PENNINGTON, are requested to make immediate payment, those persons having claims against him, are desired to present their accounts immediately.

MORGAN NEVILLE, *Administrator.*

Pittsburgh, November 13, 1818.

Allen & Grant,

HAVE

REMOVED

TO THEIR

NEW BRICK WAREHOUSE, IN FRONT street, between Market and Wood.

Pittsburgh, October 2, 1818.

Apples, Potatoes, Turnips & HOPS.

THE subscriber will attend at his Store room, fronting on the Diamond, on Tuesdays and Fridays, from 12 to 5 o'clock, in the afternoon, and on Wednesdays and Saturdays from 7 to 12 o'clock, in the forenoon, where those who want can be supplied with any quantity of the best grafted APPLES, also a large quantity of POTATOES, TURNIPS, and HOPS.

BENJAMIN HERR.

Pittsburgh, November 6, 1818.

☞ He has also a small quantity of TIMOTHY SEED, of the best quality.

The most VALUABLE PROPERTY on the West side of the Mountains offered

FOR SALE.

Plumpsock Iron Works.

WITH about 350 acres of land belonging thereto, will be offered for sale by public vendue, if not previously sold at private sale, on Tuesday, the 18th day of August next, at the Court House, in the borough of Uniontown. This establishment consists of a forge, rolling mill, grist and saw mills. Also, a large brick dwelling house, furnished in a handsome style, with many other dwellings for the accommodation of workmen, and extensive stabling. It is situate in Fayette county, state of Pennsylvania, in the midst of a highly cultivated country on the state road, nine miles east of Brownsville, on the Monongahela river, and the like distance of Connellsville on the Youghiogheny river, five miles northwest of Uniontown, and thirty nine from the city of Pittsburgh. Bar iron is made in this forge by rolling instead of hammering, of a superior quality. Stone coal is the only fuel used in making it, an inexhaustible pit of which is within one hundred yards of the forge. Three men with a horse and cart are sufficient to raise, coke and haul to the forge all the coal necessary for keeping the works in full operation. They are in good order, the machinery almost new. This property is perhaps the most valuable of its kind in the United States, and by suitable attention, it is believed, may be made the most profitable in its operations.

There will be sold also, at the same time and place, the following

HOUSES AND LOTS,

situate in the borough of Union, to wit:

1. The corner house and lot of ground situate on the north side of Elbow street, immediately east of the Court House, No. 26, being the most eligible as well as the most valuable lot of ground in town.

2. That large House and lot of ground No. 3, and part of the adjoining lot, on the west or the north side of Elbow street, in the occupancy of Cuthbert Wiggins as a tavern stand, fronting on said street about one hundred and thirteen feet.

To be sold by

ISAAC MEASON, and
DAN'L. ROGERS,

Ex'rs of Isaac Meason, Esq. dec'd.

May 26th 1818.

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300 Dollars Reward.

ABSCONDED from our store, on the night of the 22d inst. GEORGE R. ROBERTSON, who was employed by us as a clerk. He is between 24 and 27 years of age, about 5 feet 11 inches high, slender made, thin visage, aquiline nose, fair complexion, hazle eyes, high forehead and prominent cheek bones; his teeth in front considerably decayed; he is an Englishman by birth, said to be born in Liverpool. The said Robertson is well educated, and converses with considerable ease on most subjects. He is very genteel in his manner and person, and was for some time (we have understood) an officer in the British service. He took from our Cash drawer about $520 in current bank notes and gold, with the following notes of hand, and drafts, viz. Prospect K. Robbins' note for $800 85 cents due the 28th November next—ditto ditto for the same amount due the 28th January, 1819. John Campbell's note for $560, due 15th June, 1819 Mr. Pettus's note for $65, given to Thomas Rector, and by him transferred to us. Thomas W. Thruston's note for $30. John Bevins' note for $111, given to Henry L. Mills, and by him transferred to us, due first January 1819. A draft drawn by a Dr. Tealing in our favor on a Mr. Jackson of Baltimore, payable 60 days after date for two hundred dollars.

He is suspected of having taken a Pocket-book belonging to Mr. John Little of this place, which contained the following notes, with sundry other papers not recollected, viz. One note given by — M'Nair to J. Little payable and negociable at the Bank of Missouri, for $502 12 cents. One ditto Joseph M'Coy for $90 payable to T. Hanley—and one ditto L. Lawless for 300 dollars payable to J. Little. These were taken a short time since, and he no doubt will forge a transfer of them as well as of those he has taken from us, & attempt to pass them, as having been endorsed to him.

The above reward will be given and all reasonable expences paid to any person who will apprehend the said George R. Robertson, and deliver him to us in St. Louis, or one hundred dollars to any one apprehending and confining him in prison so that we may be able to bring him to justice and have him punished for the violent outrage he has committed.

HENRY W. CONWAY, & CO.

St. Louis, September 21, 1818.

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20 Gallons first Quality Copal Varnish,

700 LBS. ALLUM

MADE,

Just received and For Sale by

JOSEPH HILL, & Co.

Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Market street, between Fourth street and the Diamond.

Pittsburgh, November 10.

William W. Howell, & Co.

No. 167, MARKET STREET, PHIADELPHIA

Have just received by the ships Jane and Bida from Liverpool,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Hardware & Cutlery,

which they offer for sale for *Cash* or on liberal credit

Philadelphia, March 13, 1818. ——2awt

Notice to Creditors.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given that I have applied to the judges of the court of Common Pleas of the county of Allegheny for the benefit of the insolvent laws of this state, and that they have appointed Saturday the 26th of December, at the court house in the city of Pittsburgh, for the hearing of me and my creditors, at which time and place they are hereby notified to attend.

JOHN ENGELL.

November 30,

Notice.

TAKE notice that I have applied to the judges of the court of Common Pleas of the county of Allegheny for the benefit of the laws made for the relief of insolvent debtors, and that they have appointed Friday the 25th day of December next, to hear me and my creditors, at the court house in the city of Pittsburgh, of which you will please to take notice.

ABRAHAM SMITH.

Allegheny County Jail, December 4, 1818.

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220 Acres

OF THE FIRST RATE LAND, FOR SALE.

THE subscriber having determined to sell his FARM, consisting of 220 acres of first rate land, situate in the *fork* of Chartier's creek, and bounded by both branches thereof, will dispose of the same at *public sale*, on Thursday the [illegible] day of December next, at the premises, (unless sooner sold.) This farm is part of the well known by the name of MORGANZA. The stage road from Pittsburgh to Washington, Wheeling, &c. passes through it, and the Turnpike about being formed between the two former places to connect the State turnpike with the great National road, will be located through or near it. The soil is so productive that it always commands in rent, one half, instead of one third of the corn raised. About 60 acres are in cultivation, and the under-wood being light, the improvement can be extended at pleasure, with ease and little expence. The timber is excellent and abundant—sugar orchards extensive and productive—the springs, numerous—never failing—stone coal of superior quality is believed to be in sufficient quantity to supply the neighbouring country. Two grist and saw mills are within three fourths of a mile of this tract. It is little more than 2 miles to Cannonsburgh, in which there is a College of reputation. This farm, having the eminent advantages of rich soil, good water, fine timber, an inviting situation, in the bosom of a healthy and very populous country, only 9 miles from Washington, the county seat, and 15 from the city of Pittsburgh, is without doubt deserving of the attention of persons desirous to purchase. Terms will be made known at the time and place of sale

Application by letter (post paid) directed to the undersigned at Washington, Washington county, Pa. will be attended to without delay.

THOMAS MORGAN.

November 17, 1818.

H. Bonnet and Renaud,

Market, between Second and Third streets,

HAVE just received, and weekly receive a large assortment of

Domestic Chambrey,

Stripes,
Plaids,
Sheeting,
Ticking,
Canton Crape,
Lace Shawls,
Viels,
Fine Thread-lace.

Linen and Cotton Damask Table [illegible],

And a good supplement to their usual stock of

CLOTH, CASSIMERES, CASSINETT, MOLESKIN, VELVET, BAIZE, FLANNELS,

Blankets, Bombazetts, Silk, Cotton and Worsted Hosiery, India Muslin, Silk, Imitation and English Shawls,

And a supplement to their usual assortment of

Silk of every kind for dress and bonnets,
Sewing silk cord and Chenills,
Silk, kid and Angola gloves,
Canton, Italian and French crapes,
Silk galoons and ribbonds of all sorts,
Scotch thread, cotton balls, and tapes,
Millinet, wires and trimmings,
Bandannas, flag and fringed handkerchiefs,
Pocket, Madrass, and other ditto,
Calicoes, Dimity and Ginghams,
Irish linnen, shirting and long cloth,
Domestic cotton, and shirting,
Silk, Marseilles and other vesting,
Thread, silk, cotton, and silver lace,
Lace veils and shawls,
Merino, velvet and lace redicule,
Suspenders, webbing and binding,
Pins, bell and plated buttons,
Beads of every sort, and pocket books,
An assortment of real gold JEWELRY,
A few dozen men and woman's Saddles,
Shot of every size,
Lead in pigs,
Best Spanish Cigars.

Which they will dispose of, on the most moderate terms, for Cash, or liberal credit for approved notes.

Pittsburgh, June 19. ——

Irwin & H. Wallace,

Have just received and offer For Sale

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES,

100 bbls. Conemaugh Salt,
15,000 lbs. PIG LEAD,
20 Tons Juniata Iron,
FIFTY KEGS TROTTER'S GLAZED FILE POWDER,
1 Ton American Blistered Steel,
70 Barrels Fresh Flour.

—Window Glass—Scythes—Sickles—Bedcord Plough-lines—Rigging—Ropes—Snuff, &c.

Pittsburgh, May 5, 1818.

William & John Hill,

At their Wholesale Warehouse, in Market, near Front street,

HAVE just received in addition to their stock on hand the following

FRESH GOODS.

Imported to their order, direct from England.

Sup. dark undressed Prints,
Ditto, ditto, dressed Ditto,
4-4 & 6-4 Cambrics,
7-8 4-4 Shirtings,
Bombazetts of every colour,
3-4 & 4-4 Madrass Hhkfs.
Best blue and black cloth sewings,
Best silk twist assorted, colours
100 doz. Ivory Combs,

Pittsburgh, May 19 1818. ——1awtf